

17CS36 USN

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023 **Discrete Mathematical Structures**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

Construct the truth tables for the following compound statement: 1

i)
$$p \vee (q \wedge r)$$

ii)
$$q \wedge (\sim r \rightarrow p)$$
.

(06 Marks)

b. Simplify the following logical statement using laws of logic:

$$\sim [\sim [(p \lor q) \land r] \lor \sim q].$$

(07 Marks)

c. Establish the validity of the following argument.

$$p \to (q \to r)$$

$$p \lor \sim s$$

$$q$$

(07 Marks)

- Define Tautology. Prove that, for any propositions p, q, r, the compound proposition 2 $[(p \rightarrow q) \land (q \rightarrow r)] \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)$ is tautology. (06 Marks)
 - b. Determine the truth value of each of the following quantified statements, the universe being the set of all non – zero integers.

i)
$$\exists x, \exists y, [xy = 1]$$

$$\exists x, \exists y, [xy=1]$$
 ii) $\exists x, \forall y, [xy=1]$

iii)
$$\forall x, \exists y [x y = 1]$$

iv) $\exists x, \exists y, [(2x + y = 5) \land (x - 3y = -8)]$

v)
$$\exists x, \exists y, [(3x - y = 17) \land (2x + 4y = 3)].$$

(07 Marks)

If m is an even integers then prove that m + 7 is odd.

(07 Marks)

Module-2

a. Prove by mathematical induction, that

$$1^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 + \dots + (2n - 1)^2 = \frac{n(2n - 1)(2n + 1)}{3} \text{ for all integers } n \ge 1.$$
 (06 Marks)

- b. Define Sum rule and Product rule. Find the number of permutations of the letters of the word MASSASAUGA. In how many of these, all four A's are together? How many of them begin with s? (07 Marks)
- c. A certain question paper contains three parts A, B, C with four questions in part A, five questions in part B and six in part C. It is required to answer seven questions selecting at least two questions from each part. In how many different ways can a student select his seven questions for answering? (07 Marks)

- Show that $2^n > n^2$ for all positive integers n greater than 4. (06 Marks)
 - How many positive integers n can we form using the digits 3, 4, 4, 5, 5, 6, 7, if we want n to exceed 5, 000000?
 - c. If F_0 , F_1 , F_2 are Fibonacci numbers, prove that $\sum_{i=0}^{n} F_i^2 = F_n \times F_{n+1}$. For all positive integers n. (07 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. For any sets A, B, C \underline{C} U, show that
 - i) $A \times (B \cap C) = (A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$ ii) $(A \cup B) \times C = (A \times C) \cup (B \times C)$. (06 Marks)
 - b. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6\}$ and R be a relation on A defined by a R b iff "a is multiple of b".
 - i) Write down the relation R and matrix m(R).
 - ii) Write Digraph and list indegree and outdegree of every vertices. (07 Marks)
 - c. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and define R on $A \times A$ by $(x_1 \ y_1)$ R $(x_2 \ y_2)$ if and only if $x_1 + y_1 = x_2 + y_2$.
 - i) Verify that R is an equivalence relation.
 - ii) Determine the partition of A induced by R.

(07 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Prove that a function $f: A \to B$ is invertible if and only if it is bijective. (06 Marks)
 - b. Draw the Hasse diagram representing the positive divisors of 36. (07 Marks)
 - c. Let f, g: $R \rightarrow R$ with f(x) = ax + b and $g(x) = 1 x + x^2$. If $(g \cdot f)(x) = 9x^2 - 9x + 3$, determine a and b. (07 Marks)

Module-4

- a. In how many ways can the 26 letters of the English alphabet be permuted so that none of the patterns CAR, DOG, PUN or BYTE occurs? (06 Marks)
 - b. Determine the number of positive integers n such that $1 \le n \le 100$ and n is not divisible by 2, 3 or 5. (07 Marks)
 - c. Solve the recurrence relation $a_n + a_{n-1} 6a_{n-2} = 0$ for $n \ge 2$ given that $a_0 = -1$ and $a_1 = 8$.

 (07 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Solve that recurrence relation $F_{n+2} = F_{n+1} + F_n$ for $n \ge 0$, given $F_0 = 0$, $F_1 = 1$. (10 Marks)
 - b. Determine in how many ways can the letters in the word A R R A N G E M E N T be arranged so that three are exactly two pairs of consecutive identical letters. (10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Define Konigsberg Bridge Problem with neat sketch. (06 Marks)
 - b. Define Complete graph, Regular graph, Bipartite graph, Complete Bipartite graph with examples. (07 Marks)
 - c. Using the merge sort, sorts the list 6, 2, 7, 3, 4, 9, 5, 1, 8.

(07 Marks)

OR

10 a. Define Isomorphic graphs with example and show that the following two graphs are isomorphic. (10 Marks)



Fig. Q10 (a) (i)



Fig. Q10 (a) (ii)

b. Obtain the Optimal prefix code for the message ROAD IS GOOD. Indicate the code.

(10 Marks)